WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2024 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4359

FISCAL NOTE

By Delegate McGeehan

[Introduced January 10, 2024 ; Referred

to the Committee on Pensions and Retirement then

Finance]

A BILL to amend and reenact §11-3-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to

2	amend and reenact §11-21-12 of said code, all relating to exempting law-enforcement
3	officers who are members of a municipal paid police department, county sheriff's office or
4	the State Police from payment of income and personal property taxes.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
	ARTICLE 3. ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.
	§11-3-9. Property exempt from taxation.
1	(a) All property, real and personal, described in this subsection, and to the extent limited by
2	this section, is exempt from taxation:
3	(1) Property belonging to the United States, other than property permitted by the United
4	States to be taxed under state law;
5	(2) Property belonging exclusively to the state;
6	(3) Property belonging exclusively to any county, district, city, village, or town in this state
7	and used for public purposes;
8	(4) Property located in this state belonging to any city, town, village, county, or any other
9	political subdivision of another state and used for public purposes;
10	(5) Property used exclusively for divine worship, or used exclusively for divine worship and
11	the operation of a pre-K school, primary school, middle school, secondary school, daycare center,
12	or church camp for children, which school, daycare center, or church camp is operated by the
13	church which owns the property or is operated by another not-for-profit organization or entity;
14	(6) Parsonages and the household goods and furniture pertaining thereto;
15	(7) Mortgages, bonds, and other evidence of indebtedness in the hands of bona fide
16	owners and holders hereafter issued and sold by churches and religious societies for the purposes
17	of securing money to be used in the erection of church buildings used exclusively for divine
18	worship or for the purpose of paying indebtedness thereon;

19 (8) Cemeteries;

(9) Property belonging to, or held in trust for, colleges, seminaries, academies, and free
 schools, if used for educational, literary, or scientific purposes, including books, apparatus,
 annuities, and furniture;

(10) Property belonging to, or held in trust for, colleges or universities located in West
Virginia, or any public or private nonprofit foundation or corporation which receives contributions
exclusively for such college or university, if the property or dividends, interest, rents, or royalties
derived therefrom are used or devoted to educational purposes of such college or university;

27 (11) Public and family libraries;

28 (12) Property used for charitable purposes and not held or leased out for profit;

(13) Property used for the public purposes of distributing electricity, water or natural gas or
providing sewer service by a duly chartered nonprofit corporation when such property is not held,
leased out, or used for profit;

32 (14) Property used for area economic development purposes by nonprofit corporations
33 when the property is not leased out for profit;

(15) All real estate not exceeding one acre in extent, and the buildings on the real estate, used exclusively by any college or university society as a literary hall, or as a dormitory or clubroom, if not used with a view to profit, including, but not limited to, property owned by a fraternity or sorority organization affiliated with a university or college or property owned by a nonprofit housing corporation or similar entity on behalf of a fraternity or sorority organization affiliated with a university or college, when the property is used as residential accommodations or as a dormitory for members of the organization;

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(16) All property belonging to benevolent associations not conducted for private profit;

42 (17) Property belonging to any public institution for the education of the deaf, intellectually
43 disabled, or blind or any hospital not held or leased out for profit;

44 (18) Houses of refuge and mental health facility or orphanage;

45 (19) Homes for children or for the aged, friendless, or infirm not conducted for private profit;

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46 (20) Fire engines and implements for extinguishing fires, and property used exclusively for
47 the safekeeping thereof, and for the meeting of fire companies;

48 (21) All property on hand to be used in the subsistence of livestock on hand at the49 commencement of the assessment year;

50 (22) Household goods to the value of \$200, whether or not held or used for profit;

51 (23) Bank deposits and money;

(24) Household goods, which for purposes of this section means only personal property
and household goods commonly found within the house and items used to care for the house and
its surrounding property, when not held or used for profit;

55 (25) Personal effects, which for purposes of this section means only articles and items of 56 personal property commonly worn on or about the human body or carried by a person and 57 normally thought to be associated with the person when not held or used for profit;

58 (26) Dead victuals laid away for family use;

(27) All property belonging to the state, any county, district, city, village, town, or other political subdivision or any state college or university which is subject to a lease purchase agreement, and which provides that, during the term of the lease purchase agreement, title to the leased property rests in the lessee so long as lessee is not in default or shall not have terminated the lease as to the property;

(28) Personal property, including vehicles that qualify for a farm use exemption certificate
pursuant to §17A-3-2 of this code and livestock, employed exclusively in agriculture, as defined in
article X, section one of the West Virginia Constitution: *Provided*, That this exemption only applies
in the case of such personal property used on a farm or farming operation that annually produces
for sale agricultural products, as defined in rules of the Tax Commissioner;

(29) Real property owned by a nonprofit organization whose primary purpose is youth
development by means of adventure, educational, or recreational activities for young people,
which real property contains a facility built with the expenditure of not less than \$100 million that is

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72 capable of supporting additional activities within the region or the state and which is leased or used 73 to generate revenue for the nonprofit organization whether or not the property is used by the 74 nonprofit organization for its nonprofit purpose, subject to the requirements, limitations, and 75 conditions set forth in §11-3-9(h) of this code; and

(30) <u>Personal property owned by law-enforcement officers who are members of a</u>
 <u>municipal paid police department, county sheriff's office, or the State Police; and</u>

78 (<u>31</u>) Any other property or security exempted by any other provision of law.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §11-3-9(a) of this code, no property is exempt from
taxation which has been purchased or procured for the purpose of evading taxation whether
temporarily holding the same over the first day of the assessment year or otherwise.

(c) Real property which is exempt from taxation by §11-3-9(a) of this code shall be entered
upon the assessor's books, together with the true and actual value thereof, but no taxes may be
levied upon the property or extended upon the assessor's books.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, this section does not exempt from taxation any property owned by, or held in trust for, educational, literary, scientific, religious, or other charitable corporations or organizations, including any public or private nonprofit foundation or corporation existing for the support of any college or university located in West Virginia, unless such property, or the dividends, interest, rents, or royalties derived therefrom, is used primarily and immediately for the purposes of the corporations or organizations.

91 (e) The Tax Commissioner shall, by issuance of rules, provide each assessor with 92 guidelines to ensure uniform assessment practices statewide to affect the intent of this section.

93 (f) Inasmuch as there is litigation pending regarding application of this section to property
94 held by fraternities and sororities, amendments to this section enacted in the year 1998 shall apply
95 to all cases and controversies pending on the date of such enactment.

96 (g) The amendment to §11-3-9(a)(27) of this code, passed during the 2005 regular session
97 of the Legislature, shall apply to all applicable lease purchase agreements in existence upon the

98 effective date of the amendment.

99 (h) Nonprofit youth organization exemption. — Limitations, conditions, collection, and
 100 administration of one and one quarter percent fee, limitations, and distribution of moneys.

101 (1) The exemption from ad valorem taxation provided pursuant to the provisions of §11-3-102 9(a)(29) of this code does not apply to a property owned by a nonprofit organization otherwise 103 qualifying for the exemption but which property or facilities are used for profit or outside the 104 primary purpose of the owner which result in unrelated business taxable income as defined by 105 Section 512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, unless the income is generated 106 by an activity upon which the one and one quarter percent fee authorized by §11-3-9(h)(2) of this 107 code is applied as provided in §11-3-9(h)(3) of this code.

108 (2) The owner of real property exempt from ad valorem taxation under §11-3-9(a)(29) of 109 this code shall pay an amount equal to one and one quarter percent of the gross revenues the 110 owner receives in accordance with this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "gross 111 revenues" means the gross amount received by the owner as payment for use of the property or 112 the facilities thereon.

(3) Gross revenues derived from the following facilities, uses, activities, and operations are
subject to a fee of one and one quarter percent of such gross revenues:

(A) Gross revenues derived from the use of lodging and campground facilities by persons participating in meetings and multiday spectator sports or multiday recreational, celebratory, or ceremonial events held onsite where onsite lodging or camping is offered as part of the program. For purposes of this section the term "meeting" means, and is limited to, a gathering, assembly, or conference of two or more persons who have deliberately convened at a single specific location at a single specified time and date for a common specific purpose.

(B) Gross revenues derived from any retail store located at the facility that is open only to
those persons who are attending meetings, spectator sports, recreational, celebratory, or
ceremonial events held onsite at the facility.

(C) Gross revenues derived from operations of gift shops at a welcome or information
 center located adjacent to a public highway operated by the nonprofit organization which is open
 to the general public.

(D) Gross revenues derived from the leasing of zip-lines, canopy tours, wheeled sports, and climbing facilities used by the general public on a for-profit basis: (i) Under a written agreement with a licensed commercial outfitter operating a business utilizing zip-lines, canopy tours, wheeled sports, or climbing areas of a similar nature in the same or an adjacent county where the facilities are located; and (ii) when the property or facilities are used as part of a training or advanced experience offered by the licensed commercial outfitter.

(E) Gross revenues derived from the use or operation of zip-lines, canopy tours, wheeled
sports facilities, or activities, climbing facilities or activities and the use or operation of other
sporting facilities on the exempt property that are leased on a for-profit basis for spectator events,
such as concerts, spectator sporting events, or exhibitions or similar mass gathering events.

(F) Gross revenues derived from leases or agreements for use of the property for meetings
and multiday spectator sports or events or multiday recreational, celebratory, or ceremonial
events, held onsite.

140 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, programs or 141 activities occurring on the property or its facilities held in conjunction with a government 142 organization or sponsored by other nonprofit organizations serving youth, veterans, military 143 services, public service agencies including, fire, police, emergency, and search and rescue 144 services, government agencies, schools and universities, health care providers, and similar 145 organizations or groups which are designed to provide opportunities for learning or training in the 146 areas of leadership, character education, science, technology, engineering, arts, and mathematics 147 (STEAM) programs, physical challenges, sustainability, conservation, and outdoor learning shall 148 be considered a charitable or nonprofit use for the purposes of this section and not subject to the 149 one and one quarter percent fee.

150 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, activities open to the 151 public through individual visitor passes allowing tours and access to the property and its facilities 152 for the purpose of viewing or participating in demonstrations, programs, and facilities providing 153 information and experiences consistent with the owner's nonprofit purposes where zip-lines, 154 canopy tours, wheeled sports, or climbing facilities are merely components of the demonstrations, 155 programs, and facilities used shall be considered a charitable or nonprofit use for the purposes of 156 this section and not subject to the one and one guarter percent fee: Provided, That such individual 157 visitor passes may not include the rental or use of onsite overnight lodging or camping facilities.

158 (6) Administration. —

(A) The sheriff of the county wherein the majority of the acreage of the property is located
as specified in the deed to such property, shall collect, on a monthly basis, all moneys derived from
the fee of one and one quarter percent of the gross revenues imposed under this subsection.

(B) The sheriff of the county wherein the majority of the acreage of the property is located
as specified in the deed to such property, shall prescribe such forms and schedules as may be
necessary for the efficient, accurate, and expeditious payment and reporting of the one and one
quarter percent fee specified in this subsection on gross revenues.

(C) The sheriff of the county wherein the majority of the acreage of the property is located
as specified in the deed to such property, shall administer the fee imposed under this subsection,
including refunds and adjustments.

(D) Payment, administration, and compliance of fee payers and administrators shall besubject to audit by the Office of Chief Inspector.

(E) All moneys so collected, net of refunds and adjustments, shall be paid into a special
account in the State Treasury, which is hereby created, and the amount thereof shall be distributed
and paid annually, by the State Treasurer, on October 1 of each year, into the funds and to the
distributees specified in of this code in the amounts specified therein.

175 (7) Distribution. —

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176 (A) Twenty-five percent of moneys so collected, net of refunds and adjustments, shall be 177 paid annually to the Tourism Promotion Fund established pursuant to §5B-2-12 of this code.

178 (B) Twenty-five percent of moneys so collected, net of refunds and adjustments, shall be 179 paid annually to the sheriff of the county where the property is located which, but for the exemption 180 provided in §11-3-9(a)(29) of this code, would be entitled to receive ad valorem taxes on the 181 property. The sheriff shall treat all such payments in the same manner as payments in lieu of taxes. 182 and such payments are subject to the adjustment mandated under §18-9A-12 of this code. For 183 properties located in more than one county, the amount paid to the sheriff of the county shall be in 184 proportion to the total number of acres located in each county at the close of the fiscal year, as 185 specified in the deed to such property.

186 (C) Fifty percent of moneys so collected, net of refunds and adjustments, shall be divided 187 equally and paid annually into separate accounts established and maintained by the sheriffs of the 188 county or counties wherein the property is located and the sheriffs of any other county that is within 189 the jurisdiction of the same economic development authority as the county or counties wherein the 190 property is located to be used solely for the establishment and delivery of a science, technology, 191 engineering, art, and math (STEAM) program in conjunction with the owner of the exempt 192 property. The funds shall be divided equally for use in each county and the programs must be 193 approved by the respective county superintendents of schools. Expenditures from the accounts 194 shall be authorized by the county superintendent of schools.

195 (8) If lodging is furnished as part of a retreat, meeting, or multiday spectator sport or event 196 being held onsite wherein onsite lodging or camping is offered as part of the program, any 197 applicable hotel occupancy tax and state and local consumers sales and service tax and use tax 198 shall be paid based upon the actual location of such lodging.

199 (9) If merchants are allowed to do business on the property, the owner or lessee of the 200 property shall offer space to local merchants on terms at least as favorable as are offered to other 201 merchants.

(10) For the purposes of this subsection, owner includes the owner holding record title to
the property and its affiliates to the extent they are commonly owned, controlled or have the power
to appoint the governing body of the affiliate.

(11) The Tourism Commission shall include in its annual report submitted to the Governor
 and the Legislature a summary of funds paid into the Tourism Promotion Fund and
 recommendations pertaining to the administration of this section.

208 (12) This subsection may not be construed to prohibit the owner of property otherwise 209 subject to this section from having portions of the property severed from the remainder of the 210 property, assessed and taxed as if nonexempt and thereafter conducting business on such 211 property the same as any other nonexempt property: Provided. That the area of property to be 212 severed shall be approved by the county commission wherein the property lies so as to include in 213 the severance all property substantially supporting the for-profit or business activity giving rise to 214 the specific purpose of the severance and excluding all property entitled to the continued benefits 215 of this act.

216 (i) To assure the implementation of §11-3-9(h) of this code does not harm local and 217 regionally located businesses by use of the tax-exempt facility in a manner that cause unfair 218 competition and unreasonable loss of revenue to those businesses, studies shall be periodically 219 conducted to assure that further legislation is in order regarding the uses of the tax-exempt facility. 220 The county commission of any county where such a property is located shall report to the Joint 221 Committee on Government and Finance by the first day of January every five years after the 222 effective date of this section. The report shall include information on any unfair business 223 competition resulting from the establishment of the nonprofit status and include a report of the 224 costs and benefits to its county of the tax exemption and associated fee, including an audit of that 225 county's use of the net revenues. The West Virginia University Bureau of Business and Economic 226 Research in coordination of the Center for Business and Economic Research at Marshall 227 University, by January 1, 2020, shall undertake a study and report to the committee, the economic

228 impact of this tax exemption and fee to the county and that region of the state, and make any recommendations regarding the benefits and disadvantages for continuing the provision of this tax 229 230 exemption and fee, included, but not limited to, the impacts to other small and large businesses in 231 the county, the costs to the county has incurred as a result of use of the facility, and any other 232 relevant data that the universities may deem relevant.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

Part II. Residents

§11-21-12. West Virginia adjusted gross income of resident individual.

(a) General. — The West Virginia adjusted gross income of a resident individual means his
 or her federal adjusted gross income as defined in the laws of the United States for the taxable
 year with the modifications specified in this section.

4 (b) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross income. — There shall be added to
5 federal adjusted gross income, unless already included therein, the following items:

6 (1) Interest income on obligations of any state other than this state or of a political 7 subdivision of any other state unless created by compact or agreement to which this state is a 8 party;

9 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or
10 instrumentality of the United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal
11 income tax but not from state income taxes;

(3) Any deduction allowed when determining federal adjusted gross income for federal
income tax purposes for the taxable year that is not allowed as a deduction under this article for the
taxable year;

(4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or
securities the income from which is exempt from tax under this article, to the extent deductible in
determining federal adjusted gross income;

(5) Interest on a depository institution tax-exempt savings certificate which is allowed as an
exclusion from federal gross income under Section 128 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the
federal taxable year;

(6) The amount of a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has elected under
Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to be separately taxed for
federal income tax purposes; and

(7) Amounts withdrawn from a medical savings account established by or for an individual
under §33-15-20 or §33-16-15 of this code that are used for a purpose other than payment of
medical expenses, as defined in those sections.

(c) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross income. — There shall be subtracted
 from federal adjusted gross income to the extent included therein:

(1) Interest income on obligations of the United States and its possessions to the extent
 includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes;

(2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or
instrumentality of the United States or of the State of West Virginia to the extent includable in gross
income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the
United States or of the State of West Virginia, including federal interest or dividends paid to
shareholders of a regulated investment company, under Section 852 of the Internal Revenue
Code for taxable years ending after June 30, 1987;

37 (3) Any amount included in federal adjusted gross income for federal income tax purposes
38 for the taxable year that is not included in federal adjusted gross income under this article for the
39 taxable year;

40 (4) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this
41 state, or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly included in gross income for federal
42 income tax purposes;

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(5) Annuities, retirement allowances, returns of contributions and any other benefit

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44 received under the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System, and the West Virginia 45 State Teachers Retirement System, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the 46 extent includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes: Provided, That notwithstanding 47 any provisions in this code to the contrary this modification shall be limited to the first \$2,000 of 48 benefits received under the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System, the West Virginia 49 State Teachers Retirement System and, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to 50 the extent includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning 51 after December 31, 1986; and the first \$2,000 of benefits received under any federal retirement 52 system to which Title 4 U.S.C. §111 applies: Provided, however, That the total modification under 53 this paragraph shall may not exceed \$2,000 per person receiving retirement benefits and this 54 limitation shall apply to all returns or amended returns filed after December 31, 1988;

(6) Retirement income received in the form of pensions and annuities after December 31,
1979, under any West Virginia police, West Virginia Firemen's Retirement System or the West
Virginia State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund, the West Virginia State Police
Retirement System or the West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System, including any
survivorship annuities derived from any of these programs, to the extent includable in gross
income for federal income tax purposes;

(7) (A) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending prior to January 1, 2003, an amount equal to two percent multiplied by the number of years of active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States of America with the product thereof multiplied by the first \$30,000 of military retirement income, including retirement income from the regular Armed Forces, Reserves and National Guard paid by the United States or by this state after December 31, 2000, including any survivorship annuities, to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year.

68 (B) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, the first \$20,000 of military 69 retirement income, including retirement income from the regular Armed Forces, Reserves and

National Guard paid by the United States or by this state after December 31, 2002, including any
survivorship annuities, to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes for
the taxable year.

73 (C) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, military retirement income, 74 including retirement income from the regular Armed Forces, Reserves and National Guard paid by 75 the United States or by this state after December 31, 2017, including any survivorship annuities, to 76 the extent included in federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year. For taxable years 77 beginning after December 31, 2018, retirement income from the uniformed services, including the 78 Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, Coast Guard, Public Health Service, National Oceanic 79 Atmospheric Administration, reserves, and National Guard, paid by the United States or by this 80 state after December 31, 2018, including any survivorship annuities, to the extent included in 81 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year.

(D) In the event that <u>If</u> any of the provisions of this subdivision are found by a court of
competent jurisdiction to violate either the Constitution of this state or of the United States or is
held to be extended to persons other than specified in this subdivision, this subdivision shall
become null and void by operation of law.

86 (8) Decreasing modification for social security income.

87 (A) For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, 35 percent of the amount of 88 social security benefits received pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C., Chapter 7, including, but not limited 89 to, social security benefits paid by the Social Security Administration as Old Age, Survivors and 90 Disability Insurance Benefits as provided in §42 U.S.C. 401 et. seq. or as Supplemental Security 91 Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled as provided in §42 U.S.C. 1381 et. seg., included in 92 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year shall be allowed as a decreasing modification 93 from federal adjusted gross income when determining West Virginia taxable income subject to the 94 tax imposed by this article, subject to the limitation in §11-21-12(c)(8)(D) of this code.

95 (B) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, 65 percent of the social

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96 security benefits received pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C., Chapter 7, including, but not limited to, 97 social security benefits paid by the Social Security Administration as Old Age, Survivors and 98 Disability Insurance Benefits as provided in §42 U.S.C. 401 *et. seq.* or as Supplemental Security 99 Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled as provided in §42 U.S.C. 1381 *et. seq.*, included in 100 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year shall be allowed as a decreasing modification 101 from federal adjusted gross income when determining West Virginia taxable income subject to the 102 tax imposed by this article, subject to the limitation in §11-21-12(c)(8)(D) of this code.

103 (C) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, 100 percent of the social security benefits received pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C., Chapter 7, including, but not limited to, 104 105 social security benefits paid by the Social Security Administration as Old Age, Survivors and 106 Disability Insurance Benefits as provided in §42 U.S.C. 401 et. seq. or as Supplemental Security 107 Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled as provided in §42 U.S.C. 1381 et. seg., included in 108 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year shall be allowed as a decreasing modification 109 from federal adjusted gross income when determining West Virginia taxable income subject to the 110 tax imposed by this article, subject to the limitation in \$1-21-12(c)(8)(D) of this code.

111 (D) The deduction allowed by \$11-21-12(c)(8)(A), \$11-21-12(c)(8)(B), and \$11-21-12(c)(8)(C) of this code are allowable only when the federal adjusted gross income of a married 113 couple filing a joint return does not exceed \$100,000, or \$50,000 in the case of a single individual 114 or a married individual filing a separate return.

(9) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of \$8,000 received from any source after December 31, 1986, by any person who has attained the age of 65 on or before the last day of the taxable year, or by any person certified by proper authority as permanently and totally disabled, regardless of age, on or before the last day of the taxable year, to the extent includable in federal adjusted gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That if a person has a medical certification from a prior year and he or she is still permanently and totally disabled, a copy of the original certificate is acceptable as proof of disability. A copy of the form filed for the federal

122 disability income tax exclusion is acceptable: *Provided, however*, That:

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this
subsection is \$8,000 per person or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision;
and

(ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this
subsection is less than \$8,000 per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for
all gross income received by that person shall be limited to the difference between \$8,000 and the
sum of modifications under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this subsection;

(10) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of \$8,000 received from any source after
December 31, 1986, by the surviving spouse of any person who had attained the age of 65 or who
had been certified as permanently and totally disabled, to the extent includable in federal adjusted
gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That:

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this
subsection is \$8,000 or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision; and

(ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this
subsection is less than \$8,000 per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for
all gross income received by that person shall be limited to the difference between \$8,000 and the
sum of subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this subsection;

(11) Contributions from any source to a medical savings account established by or for the individual pursuant to §33-15-20 or §33-16-15 of this code, plus interest earned on the account, to the extent includable in federal adjusted gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That the amount subtracted pursuant to this subdivision for any one taxable year may not exceed \$2,000 plus interest earned on the account. For married individuals filing a joint return, the maximum deduction is computed separately for each individual; and

(12) <u>Income received by law-enforcement officers who are members of a municipal paid</u>
 police department, county sheriff's office, or the State Police; and

148 (12) (13) Any other income which this state is prohibited from taxing under the laws of the 149 United States including, but not limited to, tier I retirement benefits as defined in Section 86(d)(4) of 150 the Internal Revenue Code.

(d) Modification for West Virginia fiduciary adjustment. — There shall be added to or
subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the taxpayer's share, as
beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under §1121-19 of this code.

(e) Partners and S corporation shareholders. — The amounts of modifications required to
be made under this section by a partner or an S corporation shareholder, which relate to items of
income, gain, loss or deduction of a partnership or an S corporation, shall be determined under
§11-21-17 of this code.

(f) Husband and wife. — If husband and wife determine their federal income tax on a joint
return but determine their West Virginia income taxes separately, they shall determine their West
Virginia adjusted gross incomes separately as if their federal adjusted gross incomes had been
determined separately.

163 (g) Effective date. –

(1) Changes in the language of this section enacted in the year 2000 shall apply to taxable
years beginning after December 31, 2000.

(2) Changes in the language of this section enacted in the year 2002 shall apply to taxableyears beginning after December 31, 2002.

(3) Changes in the language of this section enacted in the year 2019 shall apply to taxableyears beginning after December 31, 2018.

170 (4) Changes in the language of this section enacted in the year 2024 shall apply to taxable

171 years beginning after December 31, 2023.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to exempt law-enforcement officers, who are members of

a municipal paid police department, county sheriff's office, or the State Police, from payment of income and personal property taxes.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.